

next, he would introduce a bill to simplify proceedings at law. Mr. Hudson, of St. Louis, gave notice that, on to-morrow, he would introduce a bill concerning free negroes, &c. Mr. Miller gave notice that, on Friday next he would introduce a bill concerning liens of mechanics, &c. Mr. Howell gave notice that, on Tuesday next, he would introduce a bill concerning Justices' Courts. Mr. Bay gave notice that, on Friday next, he would introduce a bill respecting practice at law. Mr. Sheely introduced a bill to regulate the trial of the right of property levied upon by execution. The following bills were read a second time, and referred to the committees named: a bill to change the mode of summoning jurors—referred to Committee of the Whole House; a bill repealing the charters of incorporated companies—referred to a Select Committee of 7; a bill to incorporate the French Benevolent Society of St. Louis—referred to the Committee of the Whole House; a bill concerning roads and highways; a memorial on a hemp agency—referred to committee on Agriculture.

EVENING SESSION.
A message was received from the Senate, stating there had been introduced into the Senate, a bill respecting the Laws and Journals; a bill concerning the liabilities of minors; a bill concerning foreign insurance, and a bill incorporating the proprietors of the Planter's House. A message was also received from the Governor, stating that he had approved and signed a bill for payment of costs in criminal cases. The following bills were read a third time and passed: a bill concerning past mortgage examinations; a bill concerning coroners; bill from the Senate respecting the Paymaster-General was read a first, second and third time, (by a suspension of the rules,) and passed.

EVENING SESSION.
The bill concerning the payment of costs was again taken up, and Messrs. Hudson, of St. Louis, Bay and Wells, made some remarks. Mr. Bay called for the yeas and nays. The vote resulted in the passage of the bill.
A bill concerning roads and highways was read a third time and referred to the Committee of the Whole House. A bill from the Senate, concerning Roads and Highways, was taken up, read a third time, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House. The following bills from the Senate were taken up, read a first time, and ordered to a second reading: a bill to lay out a State Road from Gallatin to Savannah; a bill for the relief of A. Woods; a bill for the relief of C. B. Ramsay. On motion of Mr. Hudson, the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole up on the orders of the day. Mr. Scott in the Chair. A bill for the relief of execution debtors was taken up, and considerable debate ensued.

SENATE, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 30.
Mr. Campbell, of St. Charles, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill in behalf of minors—agreed to. Mr. Elliott presented a report from the Committee on Engrossed Bills—agreed to. The following bills were read a first time and ordered to a second reading: a bill respecting laws and journals; a bill relating to public lands; a bill respecting the liabilities of minors; a bill respecting licenses; a bill concerning executors and administrators; and a bill to incorporate the proprietors of the Planter's House, in the city of St. Louis. Some bills for State roads, &c., were read a third time and passed.

THURSDAY, DEC. 1.
There is very little business done in the Senate today. Some unimportant matters were discussed, and the Senate adjourned.

THURSDAY DEC. 1st.
Mr. Moss presented a petition for a State Road, which was laid upon the table. Mr. King presented the petition of J. W. Reynolds, asking the passage of law to punish Quakers—referred to a select Committee consisting of Messrs. Hudson, of St. Louis, Dr. Flanagan, and Dr. Moss. Mr. Daggett presented the petition of soldiers employed in the Iowa disturbances.

The following bills were read a first time and ordered to a second reading: a bill concerning jurors; a bill to encourage agriculture; a bill for the relief of Gasconade county; a bill remitting penalties; a bill to appropriate money; and a bill concerning revenue. Notice was given of the introduction of bills for the relief of the Sheriffs of several counties. Mr. Howell gave notice that on to-morrow he would introduce a bill regulating executions.

The following bills were read a second time and ordered to a third reading: a bill to locate the seat of justice of Caldwell county, called *Misamis*; a bill to legitimize Lydia Clark; a bill to regulate the trial of the

right of property, which was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole House; a bill to suppress lotteries, introduced by Mr. Hudson, of St. Louis, was read a third time and passed; a bill by Mr. Hudson, of St. Louis, abolishing imprisonment for debt, was read a third time, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House; a bill amending the law concerning the sale of school lands, was read a third time and passed.

From the New York Evening Post.
Mischiefs Inflicted by the Nations of the World upon each other.

The article which we subjoin from the Leeds Mercury, shows in what manner the Governments of Europe, withheld as they are, by considerations of policy, or fear, from making war upon each other in the old way, have taken another method of doing each other harm. The old warfare at the cannon's mouth, is exchanged for a warfare of commercial restrictions; and Britain, to which the champions of the restrictive system in this country have pointed as the model of their favorite policy, appears to be the principal object of hostility. The new mode, like the old, has its recommendation to those who love mischief—that it does as much harm to the assailant as to the nation assailed.

From the Leeds Mercury.
"At no period of our history, except during the ascendancy of Napoleon, has such an alarming succession of blows been struck by foreign Governments at the commercial prosperity of England as since the entrance of Sir Robert Peel upon office. We do not say that it has been owing to the inattention of our own Government, though in another article we show that ministers are very ill supplied with commercial intelligence by their agents; but we state the simple fact, that within the last ten months no less than six hostile tariffs have been published by other countries; and it is possible that the year may not conclude without adding a seventh. We state these facts for no party purpose whatever, but with a view of calling the serious attention of Government, of Parliament, and of the country, to the events themselves, and to the considerations they suggest as to the future commercial policy of England."

"First, we shall enumerate the hostile tariffs that have been passed, with their respective dates; and add the briefest possible explanation for their bearing on English commerce."

"1. The Russian tariff, issued in November, 1844; by which the duty on worsted or woollen goods, and mixed worsted and cotton, was raised from one silver rouble per lb., to one silver rouble and 75 copecks, (that is, from 34 6/10, to 64 2 1/2, per lb., English); the new duty is from 200 to 300 per cent. ad valorem; printed goods are prohibited. The King of Prussia, during his late visit to St. Petersburg, induced the Emperor to issue a more favorable ukase for the products of Prussia."

"2. The Portuguese tariff, bearing date the 12th December, 1844; by which the duties on English woollens were raised from 360 reis per lb., to 600 reis per lb. The latter is equal to an ad valorem duty of 45 per cent. on the average qualities of cloth sent to Portugal. Before 1837 (in which year the tariff was raised) the duties were about 10 per cent. ad valorem, (though nominally 15 per cent.) A favorable tariff is now in course of negotiation."

"3. The French tariff, bearing date the 26th June, 1842; by which the duties on English linen yarns and linens were doubled, and made entirely prohibitory; this being by far our largest branch of export to France."

"4. The Belgian tariff, issued in July, 1842; by which the duty on English linens and linen yarns was raised to the same prohibitory rate as the French duty, in obedience to the dictation of France, and with a view of preventing the smuggling of English linens and yarns into that country through Belgium."

"5. The United States tariff, bearing date August, 1843; by which the duty on woollens was raised from 29 to 40 per cent. ad valorem; on worsted goods, from 20 to 30 per cent.; and, on cotton goods, the duty was made nominally 30 per cent.; but on some kinds of goods it is in reality from 100 to 200 per cent. ad valorem; and on many kinds of cottons, woollens, and other goods, the duty will be prohibitory."

"6. The German League tariff, passed September, 1842; by which the duty on one of the largest branches of our exports—namely, worsted goods, figured or printed—is raised from \$30 to \$50 per cwt., so as to be in many cases prohibitory, and by which the duty on quincaille, or hardware, is increased probably over \$50 per cwt."

"And it is not impossible that next month the Brazilian tariff may be raised

ed very greatly—the Brazilian Government having given notice to that effect; but we hope this severe blow will be averted by the concessions which Mr. Ellis, the special minister lately sent out to Brazil, is empowered to make on the sugar duties."

"Thus, within a few months, a great part of the civilized world has declared a commercial war against us—Russia, Portugal, France, Belgium, the United States, and the Great German League, including Prussia, Bavaria, Saxony, Wurtemberg, and several smaller States! And it is not certain that Brazil may not soon be added to the number."

"Such an unparalleled succession of untoward events is indeed menacing to our manufactures and foreign commerce, and demands the anxious attention of Government."

"It is proper to observe on this remarkable series of hostile tariffs, that they bear no evidence of confederacy against us. The only exception is in regard to France and Belgium, where the feeble power obeys the orders of the stronger. Russia, France, Belgium, United States, Germany, and even in some degree Portugal, have been influenced by a desire to protect their own manufactures. The United States and Portugal have been additionally moved by the hope of relieving their financial embarrassments; though the plan has certainly not succeeded in Portugal, and is not likely to succeed in America. Brazil acts in a spirit of retaliation for the prohibitory duties imposed in this country on her sugar."

What has befallen England, will unquestionably happen to the United States. Already France begins to talk of retaliating upon us for shutting out her silks from our ports. Other nations (as we may understand from the statements in the extract we have given) are not too wise to follow the example we have set them, and attempt to cut off the remaining branches of our commerce, at the hazard of destroying their own. We shall thus, in addition to the mischiefs we suffer from our own tariff, experience those which the revenge of other Governments will inflict upon us.

PREACHING!
The Methodist will hold a Sacramental meeting at the Academy in this place, commencing on Saturday the 24th of December. Also a watch night meeting at Louisiana, commencing on Friday evening the 30th of December.

Masonic Notice.
There will be a public Celebration by the Clarksville Lodge, No. 17, of Free and Accepted Masons, at the Brick Church, on Ramsey's Creek, on the 27th of December, at 11 o'clock. A Discourse by Brother J. Creth. All Brethren of good standing are invited to attend.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.
JOHN H. TODD,
J. OWSLEY,
R. T. LINDSEY,
G. MOUNTJOY.
Clarksville Dec. 9th, 1842.

Sale of Slaves!!
By virtue of an order of the county Court of Pike county Missouri, made at the last November term of said county. The undersigned Executors of William Richards, late of Pike county deceased, will sell to the highest bidder at Paynesville, on the second day of January next, the Slaves belonging to said Estate, one woman and two children, on six months credit, the purchaser or purchasers, will be required to give bond with good personal security, with six per cent interest from date.

JAMES RICHARDS, WM. RICHARDS, ALFRED RICHARDS, Executors.
December 17th 1842. 3w7.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has obtained from the Clerk of the County Court of Lincoln county, letters of Administration upon the Estate of Ambrose A. Clark deceased, bearing date the 15th day of Nov. A. D. 1842. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to exhibit them in one year from the date of said letters for allowance, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims are not presented within three years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.
VIRILLAR G. CLARK, Adm'r.
December, 17th 1842. 3w7.

Notice
I hereby give notice that on the 2d day of January next, at the court house in Bowling Green, I shall rent at public auction the real estate belonging to the estate of Lewis Uterback deceased, consisting of one dwelling house in said town with Kitchen, Smoke House and Garden, now occupied by Dr. Waters, and one other small frame building.
J. G. RODGERS, Adm'r.
December 10, 1842. 3w6.

TO MILLERS AND FLOUR MERCHANTS.
THE subscriber will always advance in cash \$1.75 per barrel (and more if the market warrants it) on all Flour placed in his hands for shipment to Boston, the best flour market in the Union.
GEORGE K. BUID, Flour factor and Grain Commission Merchant, 67 Water Street, St. Louis, Mo. St. Louis, October 20, 1842.

N. B. Liberal advances will also be made on Flour and Grain placed in my hands for sale in St. Louis.
G. K. B.
October 29th 1842. 52.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
LOUISIANA
Cheap Cash Store,
Selling nearly at St. Louis Prices.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Louisiana, and the public in general, that he has lately removed from St. Louis, and opened a store in Louisiana, Pike county Mo., next door to G. W. Jenks & Co., and intends keeping on hand at all times a general assortment of Dry Goods Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Queensware &c., which he intends selling nearly at St. Louis prices for cash. Please to give me a call and satisfy yourselves.
E. S. BLOCK.
Louisiana, Mo., Dec. 1st, 1842.
N. B. All kinds of merchantable produce will be taken in exchange for goods at the highest market prices.
E. S. B.
December 3rd, 1842. 3m5.

Notice
I hereby give notice that I shall on the 2d day of January next, at the counting house of I. N. Bryson & Co. in the town of Louisiana, in the county of Pike and State of Missouri; hire by my agent Moses Kelly, the slaves belonging to the estate of Roland Burbridge late of said county of Pike deceased. Among the slaves to be hired is one man, two boys, three women and one girl, also at the same time and place, rent the farm on which said deceased lived at the time of his death, on the waters of Buffalo creek, in said county, and also sell a likely mare belonging to said estate. The terms of hiring, renting and selling, to be made known on the day of sale.
JOHN LINDSEY, Adm'r.
December 10, 1842. 3w6.

For Sale,
A likely young and healthy Negro Woman, suitable for a farming, or house servant; any person wishing to purchase such a servant, can be supplied upon good terms by applying to either of the undersigned at Bowling Green.
J. S. CAMPBELL,
J. G. EDWARDS.
December 10, 1842. 3w6.

Land & Town Lots FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will offer for sale at public auction in Middletown, Montgomery county Missouri, on the 15th day of December next, on a credit of 12 months, the following described land and town lots, to wit: The north east fourth of the south east quarter of section no. 5 in T. no. 50, R. 4 W. containing 40 acres with a comfortable dwelling, Tobacco barn, and other buildings, and 15 acres in cultivation, also lots no. 5 6 7 and 8 in Block no. 4, and lots no. 2 and 3 in block no. 6, all situated in Middletown in said county of Montgomery, and most of these well improved. The title to said land and lots is indisputable, and they will be sold positively on the said 15th December next, unless privately sold before.
SAMUEL C. FIELDER.
Nov. 5th, 1842. 4w1.

Notice.
CONSTANTINE BRUCE in right of Sophia his wife, (late Sophia Williams,) and Keaton W. Marshall in right of Elizabeth his wife, (late Elizabeth Williams,) heirs and distributees of the estate of Stephen Williams deceased, do hereby give notice, to Anthony Williams, Amelia Williams, Thomas Williams, Bryant O. Williams, Pikey Williams, Martha Ann Williams, Matthew Glover in right of Polly his wife, (late Polly Williams,) Rebecca Williams, widow and relict of Stephen Williams deceased, all heirs and distributees of the estate of Stephen Williams dec'd., that they will apply to the Honorable County Court within and for the county of Montgomery, in the State of Missouri, on the first Monday in February A. D. 1843, at the Court House in the same county, to order the distribution of the personal estate and moneys of said Stephen Williams deceased, and distribution of the slaves in kind as equal as the value and number of slaves will admit of, belonging to said estate, to all the above named heirs and distributees, according to their respective shares and rights under the statute &c.

CONSTANTINE BRUCE,
REASON W. MARSHALL.
December 3, 1843. 3w5.

SALE OF School Lands.

IN virtue and by authority of two orders of the Pike county Court, made at the August term 1842, and to me directed, I shall on Monday the 27th day of February next, at the Court House door in the town of Bowling Green, and during the term of the Circuit Court for said county of Pike, proceed to sell to the highest bidder at auction, the following school land to wit: Section 16 in township 52 N. R. 4 west of the fifth principal meridian, and section 16 in township 55 north of range 2 west of the fifth principal meridian. Said sections will be sold in lots of forty acres. A credit of twelve months will be given, bond with approved personal security will be required of the purchasers, bearing interest at ten per cent from date.

WM. PENIX, Sheriff.
December 3, 1842. 9w5.

Administrator's Sale of Land.
BY virtue of an order of the Pike county Court, made at the November term 1842, the undersigned Administratrix of the estate of Joshua Henley deceased, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described land or so much as will be sufficient to pay the debts of the dec'd., to wit: The N. W. 1/4 and W. 1/2 of S. E. 1/4 sec. 7, T. 53 R. 4 W. containing 129 and seventy-six one hundredth acres, the S. W. 1/4 and E. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 section 30, T. 51 R. 4 W. containing 149 twenty-eight hundredth acres and E. 1/2 of S. E. 1/4 section 7 T. 53 R. 4 W. containing 80 acres, at the door of the Court House in Bowling Green, on the first Monday of February next, on a credit of 12 months, the purchasers giving bond and good security, bearing six per cent interest.
FANNY HENLEY, Adm'r.
December 10, 1842. 4w6.

Strayed
FROM the subscriber at Ashley, in this county, about three or four weeks since, a light gray Horse, of middling size, has lost the sight of one eye or nearly so, had on a common sized horse bell, the strap had in one or two places a slight incisions made with a knife. It is probable he may make for St. Charles Co. where he has been owned for four or five years. Any information that may lead to the recovery of said horse, will be thankfully received and suitably rewarded.
JOHN ADAMS.
Ashley Nov. 20, 1842. 4.

Public Sale.
THE undersigned Administrator of the estate of Frederick Goodman deceased, will proceed to sell at the late residence of said dec'd., on Indian Creek, in Pike County, on the 24th day of December inst., all the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, farming utensils, crop of grain &c. The sale will be made on a credit of 12 months, the purchaser giving bond with approved personal security.
JOHN F. WRIGHT, Adm'r.
December 3, 1842. 3w5.

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss.
County of Pike.
In the County Court, Nov. Term, 1842.
JANE MYERS Administratrix of the Estate of John Myers deceased, appears by her agent, and files her petition to reserve the personal estate of said deceased from sale, and praying that the real estate belonging to said deceased, may be sold for the payment of debts, and said petition is accompanied with the amount of the debts due to and by the deceased, as far as can be ascertained, an inventory of the real estate, and of the personal estate of said deceased, with its appraised value, and also such account of her Administration as she is enabled to make, the whole verified by the affidavit of said Administratrix. It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in said estate be notified of said petition, and that unless the contrary be shown on the first day of the next February Term of this Court, an order will be made for the sale of the following described real estate: viz: The S. W. 1/4 of section 27 T. 52, R. 2 west, containing seventy two acres, the N. E. 1/4 of section 34 T. 52 R. 2 west, containing 44 acres, the S. E. 1/4 of section 34, T. 52 N. R. 2 west, containing 44 acres, the W. 1/2 of section 34, T. 52, N. R. 2 west, containing 80 acres, lying in the county of Pike aforesaid, and the W. 1/2 of section 14 T. 54, N. R. 2 west, containing 80 acres, 100 acres in section 15 T. 51, and range last aforesaid, and 40 acres in section 10 in T. 51, N. R. 2 west, lying in the county of Lincoln in the State of Missouri, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the debts of said deceased, and that this order be published for six weeks successively in some newspaper printed in this State.
A true copy.
Teste: A. H. BUCKNER, Clerk.
November 26, 1842. 6-4.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has obtained from the Clerk of the County Court of Pike county, letters of Administration upon the Estate of John Jones, deceased, bearing date the 12th day of Nov. A. D. 1842. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to exhibit them in one year from the date of said letters for allowance, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims are not presented within three years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.
JAS. M. WATSON, Adm'r.
Nov. 16, 1842. 4-3.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has taken out letters of Administration on the estate of Geo W. Sanford, dec'd., from the Clerk of County Court of Pike County—bearing date the 24 of Oct. A. D. 1842: all persons, therefore who have any claims against the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same duly authenticated for allowance, within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from having any benefit of said estate, and if such claims are not presented within three years they will be forever barred.
ALEX. H. WILLIAMS, Adm'r.
LEVIN H. SANFORD, 3w52.
October 29, 1842.

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has obtained of the Clerk of the County Court of Pike county, letters of Administration on the estate of Wm. N. Lewellen, deceased, dated Nov. 1st, 1842, that all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to exhibit them properly authenticated, within one year from the date of said letters or they may be precluded from having any benefit of said estate, and if not exhibited within three years, they will be forever barred.
SALLY LEWELLEN, Adm'r.
November 5th, 1842. 3w1.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has taken out letters of Administration on the estate of Richard Neathland dec'd., from the Clerk of the County Court of Pike County—bearing date the 12 Nov. 1842. All persons, therefore who have claims against the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same duly authenticated for allowance, within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from having any benefit of said estate, and if such claims are not presented within three years they will be forever barred.
FRANCIS WATTS, Adm'r.
HENDLEY KISSINGER, 3w7.
Nov. 12, 1842.

THE LADY'S WORLD OF FASHION: A Magazine of choice American Literature.

THE first number of a new Monthly Magazine with the above title, embellished with the earliest Fashions from Paris and London, elegant, steel and mezzotint engravings, lace work, embroidery, music etc. was issued for January, 1842. The work will be devoted especially to the ladies, and will be issued in a style never before attempted in the country. It will contain articles from the most popular and pleasing writers of the day, on every variety of subject, but the work will be in the main devoted to the cultivation of the home virtues. Hence most of the stories will be of a practical, domestic character, from the pens of our best female writers, while the earliest fashions in all their varieties shall be correctly given; so as to make the work welcome at every fire side, in the halls of the fashionable and the gay—the home of the virtuous matron, whose own needle supplies her raiment, as well as in the store and sewing room of the mantua maker and milliner.

The main design of the work.
The prominent design of the Magazine will be to furnish in elegant and attractive style, the earliest, most correct, and full report in advance of all the other Magazines, and prior to the issuing of them here, of the Monthly Fashions direct from Paris and London. The advantage of this to every lady, who makes taste in dress the least matter of life, will at once be apparent, and to the professional dress maker and milliner of the United States, the enterprise will be of incalculable advantage. It is proposed to issue every month a number and variety of costume, which will put to the blush every thing in the way of monthly reports of the Fashions heretofore attempted.

For this purpose the publisher has embarked the most ample means and resources in the enterprise, and has matured his plans both in this country and in Europe, prior to commencement. It has been a favorite project, and has been deliberately undertaken, and will be carried through vigorously. The first number gives an idea of the beauty and real excellence of the plates.

Elegant Steel Engravings.
In order to render the work ornamental in the highest degree, and to make it a perfect parlor companion, and an ornament to the centre table, as well as entertaining in its literature, and useful in the style of the fashion plates, it is proposed to issue the most elegant Steel and Mezzotint engravings from the first artists in the country, illustrated by choice and entertaining stories of domestic life. To vary the style of illustrations, occasional Lace Patterns and Embroidery, got out in unsurpassed beauty and truth, by that excellent artist, F. Quaree, Esq. will also be given; and to leave nothing undone, at times, will be given, the most popular and elegant Music of the day, Songs, Gallopes, Marches, etc.

The Typography.
The work will be printed on clear and beautiful type, on a page larger than any of the present three dollar Magazines, with fine margin, and strong, white paper, and will contain as much matter as can be compressed into thirty two large octavo pages.

Time of Delivery.
The Magazine will be issued on or before the 15th of the month preceding the month for which it will be published, or dated, or about the time the steamships which sail from Europe on the first of the month, usually arrive. Thus the work will be in the hands of every subscriber with the most correct fashions, before they can be got out here, and anticipating all the Magazines at least six weeks.

The Terms.
To bring the work within the reach of all, it will be issued at two dollars per annum for a single, or three copies for five dollars invariably in advance, post paid. The cheapest of the work will be at once appreciated, when we state that the London World of Fashion retails in this country at \$10 per annum, and the Lady's World of Fashion will include every variety in the same style of excellence.

To Clubs.
Three copies for five dollars.—Eight copies for ten dollars. Current funds and post paid.
Address C. J. PETERSON, Ledger Building, Philadelphia.

G. W. MILLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, JEFFERSON CITY, MO.
WILL attend, promptly, to all applications for the benefit of the Bankrupt Law, entrusted to him, and can remit to persons, per mail, all necessary forms and instructions, so that their business can be attended to by addressing him through the medium of the mail, post paid.
May, 1842. 30